B.C.M. SEN. SEC. SCHOOL BASANT CITY, LUDHIANA

SUBJECT – ENGLISH (GRAMMAR)

Name	STD. – V	KOII NO.
ADVERBS:- Adverbs are the words that a verb. They also tell us the manner son adverb 'slowly' tells us how Ravi runs.	add to the meaning of a verb.They tell uneone does something e.g. Ravi runs slo	s more about wly. Here, the
Q.1: <u>Underline the Adverbs:</u> -		
1. The tank is almost full.		
2. I always pray to God in the morning.		
3. I looked for my pet there.		
4. He scolded the naughty boys harshly		
5. My father will be forty tomorrow.		
Q.2: Pick out the Adverb in the following	ng sentences and write the type of Adve	<u>rb:-</u>
1. We shall play the match today.		
2. The sun is shining brightly.		The state of
3. The water was everywhere after the	flood.	15 7 34
4. The children were talking continuou	sly.	
5. The watchman closed the gates earl		10 mg
	CONJUNCTIONS	
Q.3: Fill in the Blanks with correct conj		
1. Don't go near the dog it	may bite.	
2. Are the clothes wet dry?		
3.This sofa is both comfortable	cheap.	
4. I was punished I was late		
5. He did not practice enough	he was not selected in the team.	

ne is physically fit.
7 we make a noise, the teacher will punish us.
Q.4: <u>Underline the Conjunctions:-</u>
1. The bag is heavy so the child can't carry it.
2. Sheena would like to wear a skirt or jeans.
3. Raghav will be selected for the team if he plays well.
4. She was late for breakfast because she overslept.
5. He had his breakfast while he watched television.
Q5:Fill in the blanks with Past Perfect Continuous tense form of the verbs in the bracket.
1.The baby(sleep) for two hours.
2.The children(study) since morning.
3.The phone(ring) for a long time.
Q6:Fill in the blanks with correct tense given in the bracket.
1.You(write) a story since morning.(Present Perfect Continuous)
2.She(solve) sums since morning.(Present Perfect Continuous)
3.We(live) here for ten years.(Future Perfect Continuous)
4.She(teach) English for ten years.(Present Perfect Continuous)
5.They(conduct) the auditions for annual play soon.(Future Perfect Continuous)
Q7:Change the tense of the given sentences.
1.He worked hard for examination for four months.(Past Perfect Continuous Tense)
2.Jimmy plays tennis since he was ten.(Present Perfect Continuous Tense)
3.My brother has been acting for four months.(Future Perfect Continuous Tense)
4.Mr.Obama visit India in March.(Future Perfect Continuous Tense)

Med

B.C. M sen sec school कक्षा - पांचवी विषय - हिन्दी प्रवत्त कार्य

प्र01 निग्नलिखित वावयों के लिंग बदले।

- 1. पुजारी पूजा कर रहा है।
- 2. वकरा धास चर बहा है।
- उ. जैठ जी खाना खा रहे हैं।
- 4. भीने हिरन देखा।

प्र02 निम्निलिखित वावयीं के वचन बदते।

- 1. पंछा चत रहा है।
 - 2. मैंने वाजार से साड़ी खरीवी।
 - उ. मैंने शही हीं पर कविता लिखी।
 - ५ उसे किताब दे दी।

प्र03 विलीम श्राळक 1. उत्थान- 2. स्वच्छ- 3. मान- ५ उदय-

प्रविष्यवाची २००५

- 1. सम्द ___ , ____ , ____
- 2. आसात -___ , ---- , ----
- 3. EIETT , ___ , ___
- ५. प्रयत्न , --- , ----

प्र० ५ - अशुपिध संशीधन

1. प्रमात्भा -

2. समाजिक -

उ. ईरखा -

4. Rig -

प्र06-निम्नलिधित मुहावरीं के अर्थ बताकर वाम्प बनाउ।

- 1. अक्ल पर पत्थर पड़नी
- 2. अपना सा मुँह लेकर रह जाना।
- उ. आसमात सिर पर उठाना

प्र07 - क्रिया शाल्दीं की वेखांकित करें।

- 1. राम पत्र लिख वहा है।
- 2. मीहन खाना रवा वहा है।
- उ. राधा चित्र वता वही है।
- ५. किसान हल चला वहा है।

प्र08 प्रस्तुत कहाती की सही कम में लिखिन।

- 1. उसने हाथी की सुंड में सूई चुभा दी।
- 2. हाथी नदी से पानी पीकर बीज दरजी की दुकान पर जाता।
- उ. एक हाथी और दरजी में मित्रता थी।
- ५ दरजी उसे बीज़ एक कीला देता था।
- 5. एक दिन दुकान पर दक्जी का बेटा बैठा था।
- 6. हाथी ने अपनी सूँड में गंदा पानी भर कर दुकान में डाल दिया।

प्र09- निवंध > मेरा विद्यालय गणतंत्र दिवस

प्राच्या करने पर मित्र | सहेली की वधाई पत्र।

प्राप्त करने पर मित्र | सहेली की वधाई पत्र।

००० वहन की शादी पर छुट्टी माँगते हुछ

प्रधानाचार्ष जी को पत्र

B.C.M. Sen. Sec. School, Basant City, Pakhowal Road, Ludhiana Assignment - Mathematics(Feb. 2020)

Topics - Fractions and Basic Geometrical Concepts

Standard - V

	 	47			
1	in	+60			1000
1.		the	o	ıan	KS:

- a. A fraction whose value is less than 1 is called ______ fraction.
- b. In fraction $\frac{8}{11}$, 8 is the _____ and 11 is the ____
- c. If the numerator is greater than the denominator then the fraction is an fraction.
- d. Fractions with same denominators are called ______fractions.
- 2. Find first 5 equivalent fractions of the following:
 - a. $\frac{6}{11}$ b. $\frac{3}{7}$ c. $\frac{5}{9}$
- 3. Find the following:
- a. $\frac{2}{3}$ of an hour b. $\frac{6}{8}$ of ₹ 100 c. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 5000 km
- 4. The cost of a notebook is $\stackrel{?}{=}$ 14 $\frac{1}{2}$. Find the cost of one dozen notebooks.
- 5. A box of 7 candies is for ₹ 120. What is the cost of each candy?
- 6. Find the product and write the answer in the lowest term:
 - a. $24 \times 3\frac{1}{4}$ b. $5\frac{1}{2} \times 4$
- 7. Kritika read $\frac{3}{5}$ of the book in a day. If the total number of pages is 125, how many pages did she read?
- 8. Divide the following:
 - a. $100 \div 33\frac{1}{3}$ b. $\frac{1}{5} \div 3$
- - c. $2\frac{2}{3}$: $1\frac{1}{6}$ d. $10\frac{1}{3}$: $4\frac{1}{2}$
- 9. The perimeter of a square is $18\frac{1}{2}$ metre. What would be the measure of 1 side?
- 10. Simplify and write in lowest term:
 - a. $\frac{3}{11} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{55}$ b. $3\frac{4}{5} + 1\frac{7}{15}$
- 11.Mr. Varun had $15\frac{2}{5}$ litres of petrol in his car. He went for a drive. By the time he reached home, he had only $2\frac{1}{3}$ litres of petrol left. How much petrol was used?
- 12. Nina bought $4\frac{5}{6}$ metres of cloth while Rajni bought $2\frac{1}{4}$ metres of cloth.
 - a. Find the total length of the cloth bought altogether.
 - b. Who bought more cloth and by how much?
- 13.Draw and name the following:
 - a. a horizontal line
 - b. a vertical line
 - c. a slanting line

- 14.Identify the angles as acute, right, obtuse, straight, reflex or complete angle:
 - a. 125°
- b. 90°
- c. 38°
- d. 57°
- e. 360°

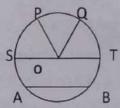
- f. 180°
- g. 240°
- h. 105°
- 15. With the help of compass, draw a circle of radius 4.5 cm. Find its diameter
- 16. Measure the following angles using protractor:





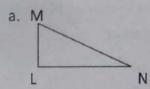


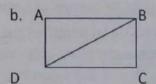
- 17.In the given figure name:
 - a. all the radii
 - b. all the chords
 - c. all the diameters



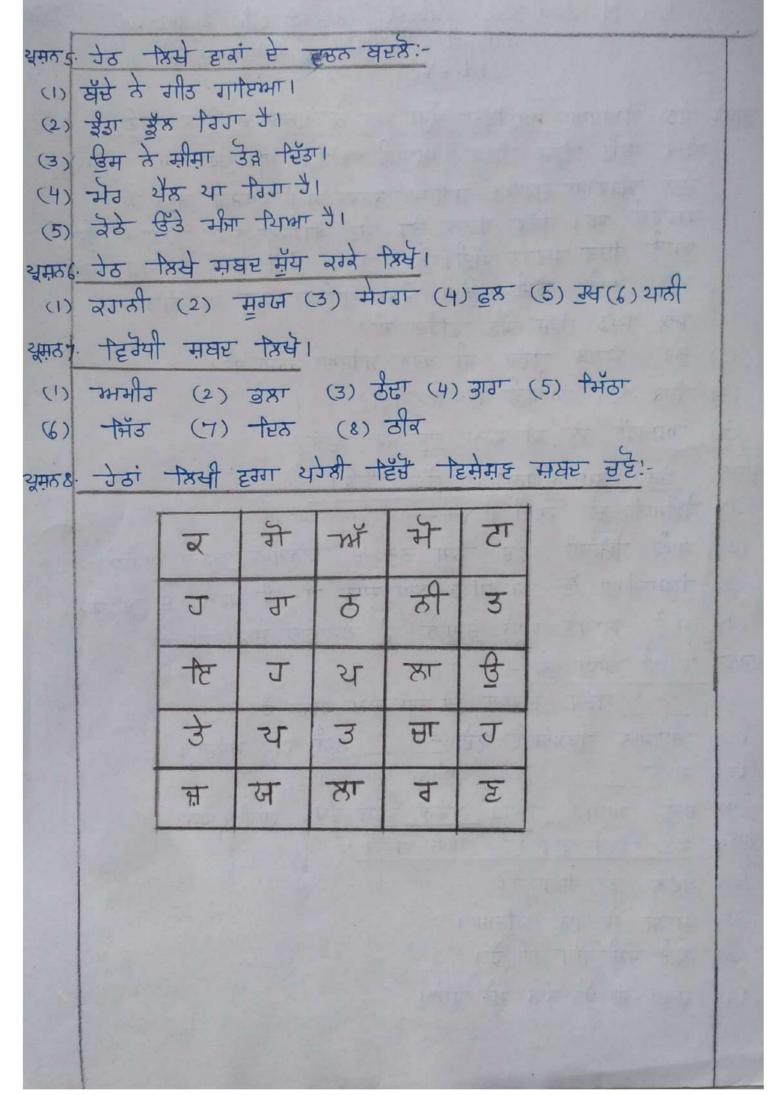
- 18. Draw and name the following angles using protractor:
 - a. 140°
- b. 120°
- c. 70°

- d. 90°
- e. 45° f. 60°
- 19. Draw a circle with centre M and radius 2.8 cm and mark the following points:
 - a. R in the interior of the circle.
 - b. S on the circle.
 - c. P in the exterior of the circle.
- 20. Define and draw the following:
 - a. A line
- b. A ray
- c. A line segment
- 21. Construct a line segment AB of length 3.5 cm and CD of length 1.8 cm. Construct a line segment MN whose length is the sum of AB and CD.
- 22. Name all the line segments and all the angles in each of the following figures:





B. C. M. Sen. Sec. School, Basant city, Ludhiana Feb. 2020 Subject - Punjabi (Assignment) युम्हा रेठ रिशियमा अहिउँठा थेवा थड़ वे थूम्हां से विंडन रिडि। ਇੱਕ ਪਿੰਡ ਵਿੱਚ ਇੱਕ ਆਜੜੀ ਰਹਿੰਦਾ ਸੀ। ਉਹ ਜੈਸਲ ਵਿੱਚ डेडां चॅरवीमां स्वाप्टि माष्टिभा वररा मी। आनदी घ्राउ गी म्मगाउडी भी। ਇੱਕ ਦਿਨ ਉਹ बेडां खेंबगीआं छा विग्नमी वि ਉम्है ਇੱਕ स्वावड मुंझी। ਉਹ ਇੱਕ ਉੱਚੀ मगु डे थंड़े विका ਅਤੇ ਉਸਨੇ ਉੱਚੀ ਚੋਲਾ ਪਾਉਂ ਜ਼ਰੂ ਕਰ ਦਿੱਤਾ। ा हिंच थिंड हिंस नेह निर्म मी? ਉਹ ਜੈगर हिंच वी वनर माप्टिमा वनरा मी? (3) हिंव रिठ भामरी है वी मुंझी? (4) भामनी के बी बन्ता मुनु बन सिंडा? थ्मत्र रे रेड रिसे थ्मतां से डिंडर रिडि। (1) ਬੇਈਮਾਨੀ ਦੀ ਕਮਾਈ ਦੇ ਕੀ-ਕੀ ਨੁਕਸਾਨ ਹਨ? (2) मार्नु भिरमी हिंस विम उन्नं मे रितमात घटता चारीरा रे (3) ਬਿਮਾਰੀਆਂ ਤੋਂ ਦੂਰ ਰਹਿਣ ਲਈ ਜਾਨੂੰ ਕੀ- ਕੀ ਕਰਨਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ? (4) मार्ट भायह भारे चभारे वी देशहर छारीरा १) थ्मातउ भाषी यादां अरे:-रिंद स्टारी सी उनुं देभ दास है। (2) घेटीमाठ हिभवडी वरे ____ तर्जी वर मवरा। (3) ਜਾਨੂੰ ____ ਨਹੀਂ ਦਾਹੁਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ। (4) ਸਾਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਚਿਹਰੇ ____ हत्वी ਰੱਖਣੇ ਚਾਹੀਦੇ ਹਨ। थूमर्प रेठ सिथे हावां से किंग सरहें :-(1) ਬੱਦਨ ਵਰ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ। (2) मानी के जार थरेशिया। (3) ब्रेडी वंमी ट्रेंप की है। (4) रारा भी थेडे ठाठ भेरे गरे।



BCM SEN.SEC.SCHOOL, BASANT CITY, PAKHOWAL ROAD LUDHIANA Subject- Science

Std - V

Assignment: Chapter- 11 (Light and Shadows)

Q1.	Fill in the blanks.	0113)
1.	The in the main source of energy.	
2.	objects have their own light.	
3.		
4.	Clear gas is an object.	
5.	A solar eclipse occurs on a day.	
	Name of the following.	
1.	Name two translucent objects.	
	Deep pits formed on surface of moon.	
	Name the first person to land on moon.	
	Name two luminous objects.	100
	Name two artificial satellite.	
Q3.	Answer the following.	
1.	Define tides.	
2.	Why does life not exist on the moon?	
	How do we see the object?	
	Define shadow.	
5.	What is partial solar eclipse?	
6.	Why does moon shine?	
7.	When does a total lunar eclipse occurs?	
8.	What is the role of remote sensing satellites?	
9.	Which was the first Indian satellite launched in 1975?	
10.	Differentiated between transparent and translucent objects.	
Q4. N	Multiple Choice Questions	
1.	Tides are caused due to the gravitational pull of the	
	(a) Moon (b) Sun (c) Earth (d) All of these	
2.	The colour of shadow is always	
	(a) Same as the object (b) Black (c) Red	(d) Green
3.	Chandrayaan-1 was launched by India in 2008 to orbit	(a) Green
	(a) Moon (b) Sun (c) Planets	(d) Meteorites
4.	Solar eclipse occurs on	(-) recornes
	(a) Full moon day (b) New moon day (c) Full moon night	(d) None
5.	A lunar eclipse occurs on	100

(b) Full moon day (c) Full moon night

(d) All of these

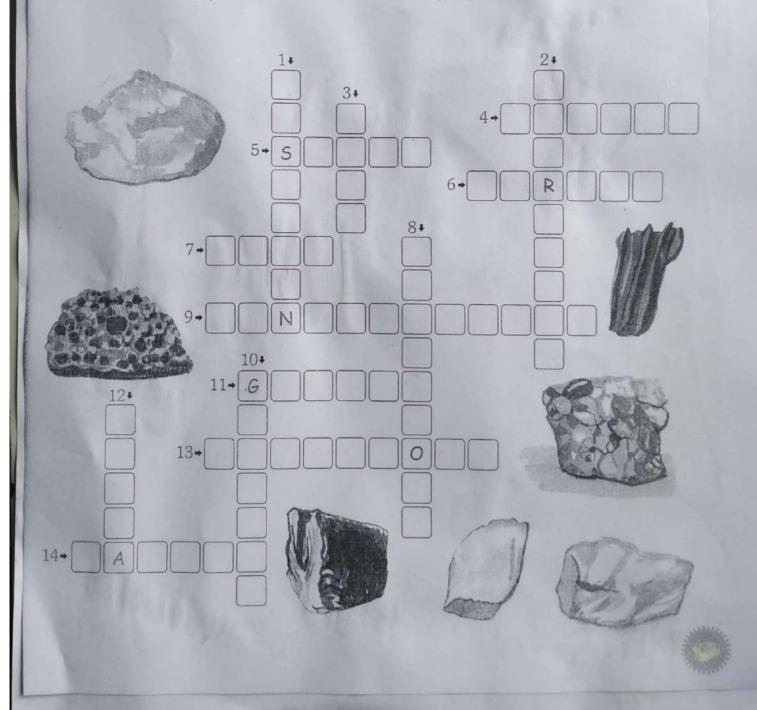
(a) New moon day



Fill in the crossword with the help of the clues given below.

- 1. ↓ glassy igneous rock
- 2. ↓ metamorphosed sandstone
- 3. ↓ molten rock above the earth's surface
- 4. → porous rock
- 5. → sedimentary rock from mud and clay
- 6. → metamorphosed limestone
- 7. → weathered rocks form this

- 8. ↓ sedimentary rock from calcite
- 9. → sedimentary rock with pebbles
- 10. ↓ slow-cooled igneous rock
- 11. → . banded metamorphic rock
- 12. ↓ molten rock under the earth's surface
- 13. → compressed sand in Red Fort
- 14. → greenish-grey igneous rock with crystals



BCM.SEN.SEC. SCHOOL. ,BASANT CITY

Class- V

Assignment of Social Science CH-21 (Governing Our Selves)

Q1. Out of the following description mention which relate to the Rajya Sabha and Which relate to Lok Sabha. Write correctly in blanks .

1. Upper house			
2. Lower house			
3. House of the people _			
4. 250elected and nomina	ated members	47.75	
5. Speaker			
6. Chairman			
7. Term of6 years	<u> </u>		
8. Term of 5 Years			
Q2. Fill in the blanks			
1. The law making body is	known as		
2. India consists ofs	tates andu	nion territories .	
3. The conta	ains everything.		
4is he go	vernment of the peo	ple ,for the people	and by the people .
5is the head of	the state .		
Q3. Matching			
1. President	Judiciary		
2. Legislative Assembly			
	Right		
4. Powers	Head of country		
5. Freedom	Judiciary		
Q4. Answer the following			
. What does the Parliament	consists of ?		
. What is Government ?			
. Who has right to vote in Ir			
. Who become the chief min	nister of state ?		

B.C.M. Sen. Sec. School, Basant City, Ludhiana Std. V

Sub. : Social Science

Chapter - The Land of Snow and Ice

T	Fill lift the blanks:			
1.	About 90% of an is always under water.			
2.	A can live in a very cold climate.			
3.	Huskies are used to pull			
4.	is the world's largest island.			
5.	The Inuits use boats called to hunt sea animals.			
п	Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements:			
	Nuuk is the capital of Greenland.			
	Greenland is also called Eskimo land.			
	Earlier Inuits used to hunt animals with bows and arrows.			
	A Kayak is a two person boat.			
П	Give one sentence answer:			
	What are parkas?			
	What are kayaks?			
3.	Where are the Polar Regions located?			
4.	Why is most of the Greenland covered with snow throughout the year?			
	Why do Inuits hunt animals?			
**	Mark de Cuesta			
	Match the following:			
	Inuits (a) wolf-like dogs			
	Huskies (b) huge piece of ice			
	Kayak (c) midnight sun			
	Iceberg (d) Eskimos Greenland (e) hunt animals			
٥.	Greenland (e) hunt animals			
V	Answer the following questions:			
1.	Why did Eric the Red name the island 'Greenland'?			
2.	. Why is the area near the Greenland dangerous for ships?			
	. How has the life of the Inuits changed since the past?			
4.	The Inuits make best use of the animals found in Greenland, give two examples.			
	Write a short note on the clothing style of Inuits.			